Operating Manual

.



Art.-no.: 360904 Ver.: f

Trolley optional (standard version w/o trolley)

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## Sales and Service Information

The latest version of this instruction of use can be found at www.mbnet.de.

Sales information can also be obtained from: info@mbnet.de

ergo vac compact bears the CC mark, indicating its compliance with the essential general Safety and Perfomance requirements of Annex I of the Medical Device Regulation 2017/745/EU. The requirements apply to patients, users and third persons who come into contact with this device within the scope of its intended use.

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#### net Mp

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# Safety Notes

### Responsibility of the User

- The device must be used only by qualified physicians or trained medical professionals.
- The responsibilities of the staff for operating and maintaining the device must be specified by the operator.
- Ensure that the staff has read and understood the user guide. This applies in particular to this section Safety notes.
- The device must not be stacked at any moment.
- Damaged or missing parts must be replaced immediately.
- The safety, reliability and performance of the device can only be guaranteed when the maintenance intervals as stated in Chapter 7: "Maintenance and Care" are observed.
- Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.



#### Organisational Measures

- Keep this user guide in an accessible place for reference purposes. Make sure that it is always complete and legible.
- Observe the operating and maintenance instructions.



#### Indications for Use

- The device is an ECG vacuum and is operated in combination with normal ECG devices. The device is suitable for both recording resting as well as exercise ECG and is used for patients of both genders as well as all ancestries and age groups (preferably as of the age of seven, also dependent on body size).
- The device is only to be operated in a professional healthcare environment.
- The device is suitable for use inside hospitals, cardiology centres, outpatient clinics and medical practices.
- The device can safely be used with pacemaker patients.
- Always operate the device in line with the technical data indicated.
- The device is not intended for sterile use or use outdoors.
- Do not use the device in immediate proximity to strong electromagnetic sources (e.g., RFID gates).
- This is a device of type BF. It is not defibrillation protected. As a safety precaution, remove the electrodes before defibrillation!
- The device is intended for use only with power supply networks of 220–240 V AC. Use outside this range is not permitted. EMC compliance has been assessed for this voltage range.
- Use the device only in countries with mains voltages of 220-240 V AC. Use in other markets especially in regions with 100 V AC is excluded.



#### Contra-indication

- The device is not intended for sterile use.
- The device must not be used in potentially explosive areas or in the presence of flammable gases such as anaesthetic agents.
- The device is not for use in an MRI suite.



### Safety-conscious Operation

- Make sure that the staff has read and understood the operating instructions, in particular this section Safety Notes.
  - Do not touch the housing of the device during defibrillation.
  - To ensure patient safety, none of the electrodes, including the neutral electrode, nor the patient or any person with simultaneous patient contact, must come in contact with conductive parts, even when these are earthed.
  - Immediately report any changes that impair safety (including operating behaviour) to the responsible person.
  - Only use accessories and disposables recommended or supplied by mbnet
     Engineering GmbH. The use of accessories or disposables from other manufacturers may result in injury, inaccurate information and/or damage to the unit.

#### 1.6



- Operating the device without the correctly rated fuse or with defective cables constitutes a danger to the life and limb of the patient or the operator! Therefore take note of the following:
  - The device must not be used if the power cable is damaged or suspected of being damaged.
  - Damaged cable connections and connectors must be replaced immediately.
  - Electrical safety devices, such as fuses, must not be modified.

1.7

#### Operation with other Devices

- If the device is part of a medical system, only the original suction hoses from mbnet Engineering GmbH must be connected to the device.
- Portable communication devices, HF radios and devices labelled with the symbol: (non-ionic electromagnetic radiation) can affect the operation of this device.



#### Maintenance

- Danger of electric shock do not open the device! It contains no parts, which can be repaired by the user. Servicing must only be performed by qualified technicians authorised by mbnet Engineering GmbH.
- Switch off the device before cleaning and disconnect it from the mains.
- Do not use high-temperature sterilisation processes (such as autoclaving). Do not use e-beam
  or gamma radiation sterilisation.
- Do not use aggressive or abrasive cleaners.
- Do not, under any circumstances, immerse the device or cable assemblies in cleaning liquid.



## 1.9 Terms of Warranty

Your device is warranted against defects in material and manufacture, as stated in the Terms and Conditions. Excluded from this warranty is damage resulting from negligence or improper use. The warranty covers the free replacement of the defective part. Any liability for subsequent damage is excluded. The warranty is void if unauthorised or unqualified persons attempt to make repairs.

In case the device is defective, send it to your local **mbnet Engineering GmbH** representative or directly to the manufacturer. The manufacturer can only be held responsible for the safety, reliability and performance of the apparatus if:

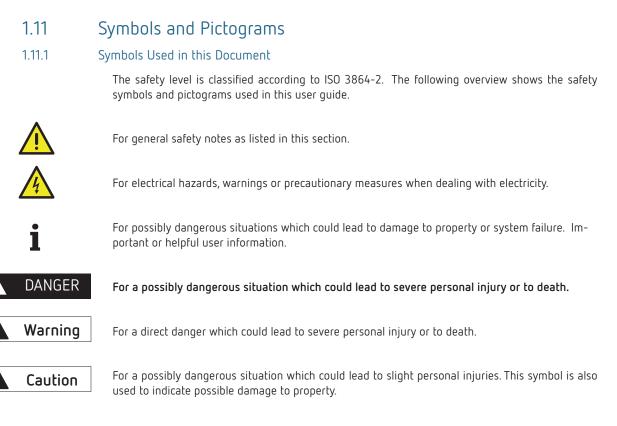
- assembly operations, extensions, readjustments or repairs are carried out by persons authorized by the manufacturer, and
- the device and approved attached equipment is used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and
- the maintenance intervals as stated in Chapter 7: "Maintenance and Care" have been complied with.

No further guarantees are assumed. **mbnet Engineering GmbH** makes no warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or parts thereof.

### 1.10 Serious incidents

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If a serious incident occurs in connection with the ergo vac compact, it must be reported to both mbnet engineering GmbH and the competent national authority of the country in which the user and/or patient is located.





1.11.2	Symbols Used on the Device BF-symbol, no protection against defibrillation current
	Dispose of as electronic waste
	Manufacturer
	Date of manufacture
CE	CE label
<b>\$</b>	Refer to instruction manual
SN	Serial number
LOT	Lot number
REF	Catalogue number
MD	Medical Device

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## 2 Introduction

The ergo vac compact is an ECG suction device for recording heart potentials during resting and stress ECGs and sending the data to the ECG device. The built-in control panel allows for easy operation and efficient configuration of the device.

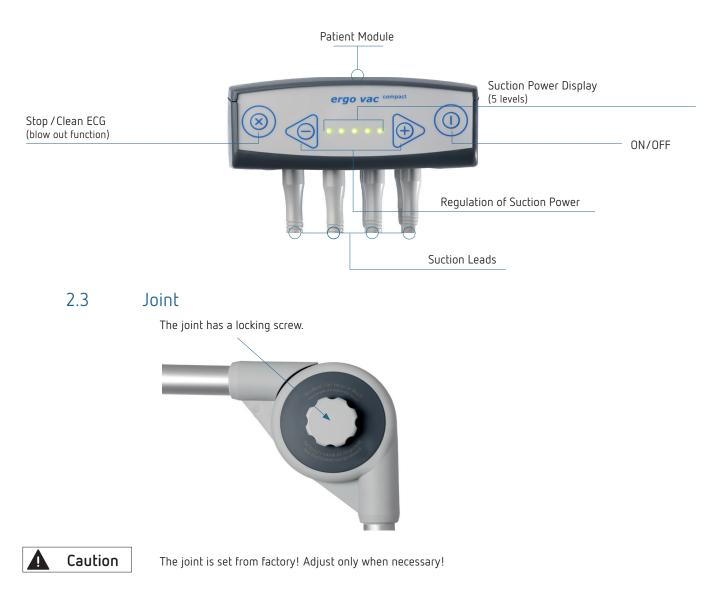
## 2.1 Elements of the Suction Device





## 2.2 Patient module with Control Panel

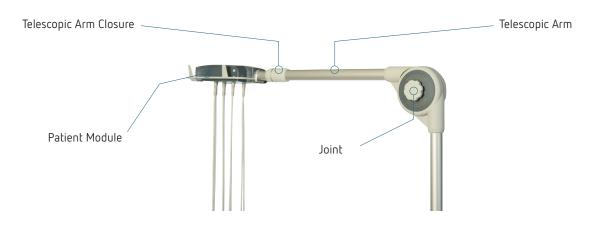
What makes the patient module stand out is its optimal user ergonomics. It consists of a control panel and control electronics. The control panel features white and green backlighting as well as push buttons. The control panel is easy to operate and to clean.



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## 2.4 Cable Arm

The cable arm has a special feature on a hidden cable management as well as a movable and horizontal telescopic arm.



#### Telescopic arm Closure

Opening and closing to insert and remove the telescopic arm.





Do not pull the telescopic pull-out beyond the stop!

## 2.5 Suction Electrode Leads

The ten shielded, interference-free electrode lines are trouble-free and stand out by virtue of their low abrasion and high flexibility.

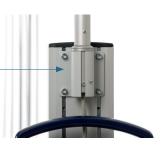


Please pay attention on the careful handling of suction leads (see 7.2.3 page 29)



## 2.6 Fixation of Cable Arm

Standard-Fixation ITD (accessory option, must be ordered separately)



#### 2.7 Label



### 2.8 Scope of Delivery

- Cable arm with patient module
- Electrode suction hose (6 x 1.10 m / 4 x 1.30 m)
- Spacers (2 pcs with 3 rows / 2 pcs with 2 rows)
- Medical grade power supply
- ECG connection cable 3.7m (15-pin D-Sub)
- ECG Spray 250 ml
- Standard bracket
- Screw set consisting of:
  - 2 x cable ties 200 mm
  - 1 x D-sub connection kit
  - 1 x cable clip, small
  - 1 x 5 mm and 1 x 2.5 mm Allen key
  - 4 x each of M6x12 / M6x16 / M6x20 Allen screw
  - 4 x each of M6 nut / M6 self-locking / M6 square nut
  - 4 x 6.3 washer / 4 x 6.37 spring washer / 4 x rubber feet
  - Operation manual

## 3 Operation

## Getting Started



3.1

Electric shock hazard. The device must not be used if it is not properly grounded or the power cable is damaged or suspected to be damaged.

#### Location

- The device must not be stored or operated in a wet, humid or dusty area. It must also not be exposed to direct sunlight or heat from other sources.
- The device must not come into contact with acids or acidic fumes.
- The device should not be placed in the vicinity of X-ray, hf surgical equipment, diathermy units, large transformers or electric motors.

#### 3.2 On/Off

The unit is switched on and off with the button. When pressing the ON button, the electrode can be sucked to the skin of the patient by applying light pressure with the fingers.





• Turn off the unit when not in use for a longer time.

Never apply suction when the electrodes are in a cleaning fluid.



### 3.3 Power Supply

#### Power Supply and Battery Level Indicators

The device can either receive power from the mains or via the integrated rechargeable battery.

Use only the power supply provided by **mbnet Engineering GmbH** to power and charge the device, don't plug the device to other power supplies or USB ports!

#### Battery capacity

- The integrated battery provides power for up to 2 hours of continuous operation
- Charging the battery:

A completely discharged battery takes about 2 hours to fully charge (with the device turned off). If the device is switched on during charging (medium suction level), this can increase the charging time to approx. 4.5 hours.

The battery will charge once the device has been connected to the mains. The device can remain connected to the mains without damaging the device or the battery.

Keeping the device connected to the mains will not damage the battery.

- Battery charging times:
  - Charging time from deep discharge: approximately 2 hours (provided that the device is not in operation)
  - Charging time during operation: approximately 4.5 hours (at medium suction level)
- Battery level indicator:
  - Press and hold the ON/OFF button to check the battery level



High battery level:

5 green LEDs will light up



Warning

3.3.1

Low battery level:



Critical battery level (max. remaining operating time: 10 minutes): green LED will start to flash!

Once the minimum battery level has been reached, the device will automatically switch to battery protection mode (to avoid damage to the battery)! It will then no longer be possible to switch on the device!

- Battery protection mode:
- Pressing the ON/OFF button will cause a green LED to flash 3 times before turning off again. It will no longer be possible to switch on the device.



- As soon as the device has been reconnected to the mains, the suction system can be switched on again.
- Battery level indicator:
- If the device is switched off: the green LEDs will light up from left to right.







 If the device is in operation: during operation, the LEDs will not light up to indicate the battery level.

#### 3.3.2 Isolating the device from the mains

To isolate the device and the power adapter from the mains, simply pull out the adapter plug.

## 4 Controls

The controls are located on the front of the distributor housing. Thus, the entire intake system is controllable.



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## 4.1 Suction Levels

The system's suction lines can be individually adjusted for each patient using 5 suction levels. When the unit is turned on, it activates an average default level. The current suction level is indicated by the green LEDs on the control panel. The highest level should only be used in extreme cases (a lot of body hair).

The suction level must in each case be adjusted to the patient's skin type!

## Warning

- The device must not be used in case of injured skin. Strong suction or long-term exposure to suction may result in hematomas! Particular caution is especially required with older patients. The operator of the unit should ask the patient how he or she feels!
  - The electrodes should not be applied to the skin of the patient for more than **25 minutes.**

## 4.2 Blowing out Air

When pressing the  $\bigotimes$  button, the suction unit will be blown out with compressed air for about 5 minutes and then turned off automatically.

## 4.3 Cleaning

If the system is in standby mode, it can blow out of the suction lines by pressing the cleaning button. The cleaning is ended by pressing the button (2). The system is then in standby mode again.



Never apply suction when the electrodes are in a cleaning fluid.

## 5 Possible Errors during the Suction Process

## Warning

 Ensure that neither the patient nor the leading parts of the patient connection nor the electrodes (including the neutral electrodes) come in contact with other persons or conductive objects (even when these are earthed).

#### 5.1 Placement of Electrodes

Careful application of the electrodes and good electrode contact is important for a good transmission of the electrical potentials.

Therefore, please note the following points:

- 1 Only use electrodes that are recommended by **mbnet Engineering GmbH**.
- 2 To increase the electrode's conductivity and adherence:
  - Shave the areas where the electrodes are to be placed, if necessary.
  - Thoroughly clean the areas with alcohol or soapy water (skin cream is often applied above all during the winter as this will increase electrode resistance enormously(!) – Always COMPLETELY remove skin cream at the application sites!)
  - Let the skin dry thoroughly before you apply the electrodes.
- 3 Check the electrode resistance.
- 4 If the electrode resistance is higher than the acceptable level:
  - Remove the electrode and use an abrasive cleaning pad or abrasive cleaning gel to remove the uppermost layer of epidermis.
  - Apply the electrode.
- 5 After the recording, remove the electrodes by pressing on the cleaning button. Clean the suction or vacuum electrodes according to the manufacturer's instructions.

\* Dedicated abrasive cleaning gel gives very good results in reducing the skin-electrode resistance.

## 5.2 Possible Sources of Errors during the Suction Process

#### 5.2.1 Preparation

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If you are using new electrodes or those, which have not been used for a long time and have therefore dried out, first stabilise the electrodes by placing them for at least three hours in a 1% salt solution (NaCl solution).

IMPORTANT: Use only pure NaCl and distilled or deionised water for this. No tap water! Do not use physiological salt solution from a pharmacy! This contains additives, which can damage the electrodes!

#### 5.2.2 Application of Electrodes

The areas of skin to which the electrodes will be applied must be clean and dry. Use an electrolyte ECG spray, which contains soluble chloride.

- Do not use ECG gel! Only ECG spray!
- Remove any skin cream!

#### 5.2.3 During the Recording

Suction hoses must under no circumstances pull/tear/stretch the electrodes, but must hang freely!

Under no circumstances must the electrodes be applied on the patient's skin for longer than 25 minutes (risk of blisters forming)!

#### 5.2.4 Removal of Electrodes from the Skin

Do not pull on the electrode cables, but touch the electrode carefully at the edge or activate the blow-out function at the suction unit (  $\longrightarrow$  The electrodes will then fall off on their own accord)!

#### 5.3 Electrode Identification and Colour Code

The electrode colour codes in this section correspond to Code 1 (IEC). Below you will find the corresponding colour codes in accordance with Code 2 (AHA).

		IEC	АНА		
	IEC label	Colour	AHA label	Colour	
Extremity	R L F	red yellow green	RA LA LL	white black red	
Chest according to Wilson	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6	white/red white/yellow white/green white/brown white/black white/purple	V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6	brown/red brown/yellow brown/green brown/brown brown/black brown/purple	
Neutral	N	black	RL	green	



# Application



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- Do use this device until you have read and understood the safety instructions at the beginning of these instructions for use.
- The device is a BF type device.
- During operation, make sure that neither the patient- nor the conductive parts of the patient connection or the electrodes (including the neutral ones) come into contact with other persons or conductive parts (even if they are grounded).
- The device must not be used if the mains connection cable is damaged or there is a suspicion of damage.

#### 6.1 Operating Conditions

• The device is not suitable for continuous operation; switch off again after use.

• High-frequency fields and radiation can influence the quality of ECG leads.

### 6.2 Starting a Recording

- 1 Preparing the patient
- 2 Switch on device and apply electrodes 🕲
- 3 Ask the patient about their well-being (note the suction strength of the electrodes)
- 4 Determine and adjust suction strength  $\oplus$  /  $\ominus$ 
  - The lower the pressure level, the better the skin tolerance!
    - Level 1 & 2: for smooth skin Level 4: for medium-hairy skin
    - Level 3: for lightly-hairy skin Level 5: for very hairy skin
- 5 Performing a measurement
- 6 Switch off the vacuum pump with the 🕲 button, the electrodes detach from the patient.
- 7 The system will go into blow-out function and switches off automatically after 30 seconds.
- 8 (Optional) After long periods of use and/or heavy perspiration by patients, the system can blow out air longer by the pressing of the cleaning button  $\bigotimes$ . The system will blow out air for 5 minutes.
- 9 Cleaning the electrodes (See chapter 7.2.1, page 23)





# 7 Maintenance and Care

The device requires regular checks (Chapter 7.5, page 31). The test results must be recorded in writing and compared to the values in the accompanying documents.

Maintenance work not described in this section may only be performed by a qualified, authorised technician.

The following table indicates the intervals and responsibilities of the maintenance work required. Local regulations in your country may stipulate additional or different inspection intervals and tests.

Interval	Maintenance step	Responsible
Before every use	Visual inspection of the device and ECG electrodes	User
Every 6 months	<ul> <li>Visual inspection of the device (see page 31, 7.5 Inspection report)</li> <li>Cables and accessories</li> <li>Mains cable</li> <li>Functional tests according to the instructions (see page 31, 7.5 Inspection report)</li> </ul>	User

The useful life of the device electrodes is estimated to be 2 years.

## 7.1 Visual Inspection

Visually inspect the unit and cable assemblies for the following:

- Device, housing and mains cable (not damaged or cracked)
- Keypad (not damaged or cracked)
- Electrode cable sheathing and connectors (undamaged)
- No cracks, abrasion or wear in any cable assembly
- Input/output connectors (not damaged or cracked)

In addition to the visual inspection, the device should be switched on and the functions of the operating field should also be checked. In this way, you can check that:

- the device performs faultlessly
- the display works



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Defective units or damaged cables must be replaced immediately.



## 7.2 Cleaning the Housing and Cables



Switch off the device before cleaning and disconnect it from the mains. Do not, under any circumstances, immerse the device in cleaning liquid and do not sterilise it with hot water, steam or air.



- Do not autoclave the unit or any accessories.
- Do not immerse the device in liquid.
- The use of detergents with a high acid content or detergents that are otherwise unsuitable can damage the device (i.e. cracks and wear of the plastic housing).
- Always follow the dilution instructions provided by the manufacturer of the cleaning solution.
- Never use any of the following or similar cleaning products: Ethyl alcohol, ethanol, acetone, hexane, abrasive or scouring powder or material, any cleaning material that damages plastic.
- The patient cable and other cable assemblies must not be exposed to excessive mechanical stress. Whenever disconnecting the leads, hold the plugs and not the cables. Store the leads in such a way as to prevent anyone stumbling over them or any damage being caused by the wheels of medical equipment carts.
- When cleaning, ensure that all labels and safety statements, whether etched, printed or stucked to the device, remain in place and remain readable.

Thoroughly inspect the device and the accessories before cleaning.

- Look for any signs of damage and make sure that the buttons and connectors work correctly from a mechanical perspective.
- Gently bend and flex cables, inspecting them for damage or extreme wear, exposed wires and bent connectors.
- Confirm that all connectors engage securely.

The housing of the device and the cable assemblies can be cleaned with a cloth slightly moistened (not wet) on the surface only. If necessary, a domestic non-caustic cleaner or a 70 % alcohol solution can be used to remove grease stains and finger prints.

Wipe the equipment with a cloth slightly moistened (not wet) with one of the approved cleaning solutions (see chapter 7.2.6, page 29). Thoroughly wipe off any excess cleaning solution. Do not let the cleaning solution run into or accumulate in connector openings, switches or gaps. If liquid gets into connectors, dry the area with warm air and then check that the device operates properly.

#### 7.2.1 Cleaning and Storing the Electrodes NEVER use metallic or sharp items to clean the electrodes. This could damage them Caution irreparably. Make absolutely sure that the suction unit is operating in cleaning mode when you immerse the electrode into the cleaning liquid $\bigotimes$ . Incorrect operation and vacuuming of cleaning liquid could mean that the device is irreparably damaged. Remove all impurities on the surface of the electrode immediately after use. You can use a dry handkerchief or soft toothbrush for this (or the product SaniCloth®). Do not let any impurities dry on the electrode! ĭ Do not use any 100% alcohol! Do not use any tap or bottled drinking water! Do not use any other soap solutions or abrasive cleaning products! Light will cause a brown to black coating on the surface of the electrode as a result of the oxidation of the silver. This can be wiped off with a mild ammonia solution or by gentle rubbing with a microfibre cloth or an extremely fine sandpaper (at least 200 grain). Store the electrodes somewhere dry and dark when they are not being used! Ť Do not expose the electrodes permanently to the light because otherwise they will turn black! Electrodes can be damaged or soiled with only small quantities of bromides, sulphides and a few other metallic ions. 1 No contact with metals (bromides, sulphides etc.)!

#### 7.2.2 Recommended Cleaning and Disinfection Methods for Electrodes

- Wiping disinfection/cleaning: to be carried out after every use
- Intensive wiping disinfection/cleaning: 1x daily after the last use (OR: when required)
- Immersion disinfection, cleaning/drying: 1x weekly after the last use (OR: when required)



This cleaning method can damage the suction unit if not carried out correctly. Do not spray disinfectant directly into the electrodes!

#### Instructions for Wiping Disinfection/Cleaning

- 1. Use only the disinfectants mentioned in Point 7.3.1, page 30.
- 2. Clean/disinfect all areas of the electrode, which have come into contact with the patient.

Electrode suction dome outside, grip area/suction area



Diagram 1: Suction dome cleaning outside

Cleaning of the electrode contact surface



Diagram 2: Clean contact surfaces

Electrode suction dome inside, sealing lip, electrode body/ suction dome, suction area



Diagram 3: Suction dome cleaning inside

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**Attention:** if the inside is cleaned incorrectly, particles (skin flakes, contact product residues) can remain in the area of the sealing lip (see Diagram 3).





Diagram 4: Impurities (electrode)

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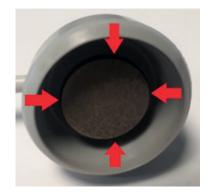


Diagram 5: Check the position of the suction dome on the electrode housing

After cleaning, check the optimal fit of the suction dome on the electrode housing to ensure the suction electrode functions optimally.

#### Instructions: Intensive Wiping Disinfection/Cleaning

- 1. Use only the disinfectants mentioned in Point 7.3.1.
- 2. Clean/disinfect all areas of the electrode, which have come into contact with the patient.

Electrode suction dome outside, grip area/suction area Cleaning of the electrode contact surface



Diagram 6: Suction dome cleaning outside



Diagram 7: Clean contact area (electrode)

Cleaning the inside of the electrode suction dome, sealing lip, electrode body/suction dome / suction area



Diagram 8: Suction dome cleaning inside

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Pull off the silicone suction dome from the electrode housing (in the direction of the arrow). Then clean the inside of the suction dome and the electrode housing.

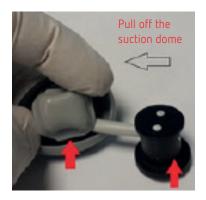


Diagram 9: Remove the suction dome

Replace the suction dome after it has been cleaned back on the electrode housing.

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After cleaning, check the optimal fit of the suction dome on the electrode housing to ensure the suction electrode functions optimally.

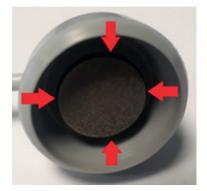


Diagram 10: Check the position of the suction dome on the electrode housing

#### Immersion Disinfection and Subsequent Cleaning and Drying

Caution

This cleaning method can damage the suction unit if not carried out correctly.

- 1. Switch off the suction unit 🔘
- **2.** Position the container for the cleaning liquid in such a way that no medical equipment can be become wet from drops of liquid.
- 3. Pull off the silicone suction dome from the electrode housing.

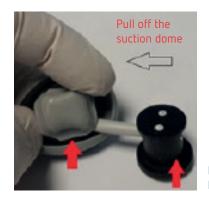


Diagram 11: Remove the suction dome

**4.** ONLY immerse the electrode and the suction dome in a container with an admissible disinfectant (Point 7.3.1, page 30)



Diagram 12: Immersion disinfection

- **5.** Prevent any cleaning liquid from dripping by taking suitable measures (cloth, container to catch drips).
- 6. Activate the blow-out button on the suction unit.  $\bigotimes$



Activate this function twice in a row. If the blow-out function is not activated correctly, it cannot be ruled out that cleaning liquid will flow over the electrode suction hose into the suction device.



7. Remove any cleaning liquid that has spilt with a suitable cloth.

If some cleaning liquid remains on the electrode, it can discolour the contact surface.



Diagram 14: Error image discolouration of the electrode

8. Replace the suction dome back onto the electrode housing after cleaning.



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After cleaning, check the optimal fit of the suction dome on the electrode housing to ensure the suction electrode functions optimally.

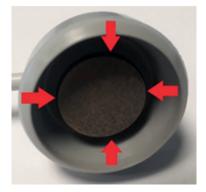


Diagram 15: Check the position of the suction dome on the electrode housing

#### 7.2.3 Cleaning the Suction Hoses

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES pull on the suction hoses during cleaning (risk of breaking the cable)!



You MUST also instruct your temporary staff and the responsible cleaning staff on this matter!

#### 7.2.4 Cleaning ECG Connection Cables

1 Check the cable before cleaning for any damage. Gently bend all the parts of the cable. Inspect the cable insulation for cracks, damage or extreme wear, exposed wires and bent connectors.

- 2 Wipe the equipment with a cloth slightly moistened (not wet) with one of the approved cleaning solutions; the approved cleaning solutions are listed below.
- 3 Hold the cable with the cloth in the middle of the cable; wipe 20 cm of the cable at a time with the cloth until the entire cable is clean. Never clean the cable along its entire length at once as this can lead to damage to the cable insulation.
- 4 Thoroughly wipe off any excess cleaning solution. Do not let the cleaning solution run into or accumulate in connector openings, switches or gaps. If liquid still reaches the connector openings, dry them with hot air.

#### 7.2.5 Admissible Detergents

- 50% isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)
- neutral, mild detergent (for example: "SaniCloth<sup>®</sup>" or "mikrozid universal wipes<sup>®</sup>")
- all products designed for cleaning plastic

#### 7.2.6 Non-admissible Detergents

Never use products containing the following:

- Pure, 100% aliphatic, monovalent alcohols, such as ethyl alcohol, ethanol, ethyl alcohol
- Acetone
- Hexane
- Abrasive cleaning powder
- Plastic-dissolving products

#### 7.3 Disinfection

Disinfection removes certain bacteria and viruses. Please refer to the manufacturer's information. Use commercially available disinfectants intended for clinics, hospitals and medical practices.

Disinfect the device in the same way as described for cleaning the device in Chapter 7.2, page 22.

#### 7.3.1 Admissible Disinfectants

- Isopropanol (50%)
- Propanol (35 %)
- Aldehyde (2 4 %)
- Ethanol (50 %)

#### 7.3.2 Non-admissible Disinfectants

- Organic solvents
- Ammonia-based detergent
- Abrasive cleaning agents
- 100% alcohol, Virex, Sani-Master
- HB Quat<sup>®</sup>
- Conventional detergents (e.g. Fantastic<sup>®</sup>, Tilex<sup>®</sup> etc.)
- Conductive solutions
- Solutions or products containing the following ingredients:
  - Acetone
  - Ammonium chloride
  - Betadine
  - Chlorine, wax or wax compound
  - Ketone
  - Sodium salt

#### 7.4 Battery

- No maintenance is required for the battery.
- Depending on use, the battery should be replaced about every 4 years or if the battery life falls significantly below 1 hour.
- As long as the device is not in use, you should make sure that the battery is not completely depleted. Should the device not be used for more than three months, the battery must be protected from complete discharge by recharging it.

#### 7.4.1 Charging the Battery

A completely depleted battery takes about 2 hours to fully charge (when power is off). If the device is switched on during charging, the charging time may be longer.

The device can stay connected to the power grid without risk to the battery.

Connect the device to the power grid.

- all products that are suitable for sensitive surfaces, such as:
- Bacillol<sup>®</sup> 30 foam/Bacillol<sup>®</sup> 30 Tissues (10% Propanol-1, 15% Propanol-2, 20% Ethanol)
- Mikrozid<sup>®</sup> AF (25% Ethanol, 35% 1Propanol-1)

#### Battery Disposal



7.4.2

The battery must be brought to a recycling center in accordance with the relevant regulations of a country or sent back to **mbnet Engineering GmbH**.



7.5

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• Danger! Risk of explosion! The battery must not be incinerated or treated as municipal waste.

Danger! Acid-burn risk! Do not open the battery under any circumstances.

### Inspection Report

#### 7.5.1 Inspection Protocol

- The user guide must be read before the inspection
- Recommended inspection interval: every 6 months

Test	Results			Date	
Serial number:					
Visual inspection (external condition)	Housing not damaged				
	Electrode connector port not damaged				
Availability & condition of accessories	ECG suction hoses				
	User guide				
	Mains cable				
Functional test Switch on device	Mains cable				
Suction strength control and blow out function	Functions properly				
Check battery	Battery indicator appears				
Remarks:					
Inspection carried out by:	Inspection carried out by:				 

\* In case of a defect, please contact the service department of your hospital, your **mbnet Engineering GmbH** representative or the local after-sales service: (Name) (Telephone)

#### 7.5.2 Replacement of Parts with a Limited Life, every 3 – 5 Years

Inspection	Results	R	eplacemer	nt	
Internal battery					
Replace the internal battery if its operating time falls significantly below 1 hour.	Device sent to <b>mbnet Engineering</b> GmbH to replace the battery.				
	Replaced on:				
	The controller				

#### Accessories and Consumables



7.6

Always use **mbnet Engineering GmbH** spare parts and disposables or products approved by **mbnet Engineering GmbH**. Failure to do so may invalidate the warranty.

Your local representative stocks all the disposables and accessories available for the ergo vac compact. In case of difficulty, contact our head office. Our staff will be pleased to help process your order or to provide information on all **mbnet Engineering GmbH** products.

Art. no.:	Article
303 200	ECG- Suction Leads,, Set of 10 Leads (6 x 1.10 m/4 x 1.30 m)
303 201	C1, 1.10 m
303 202	C2, 1.10 m
303 203	C5, 1.10 m
303 204	C4, 1.10 m
303 205	C5, 1.10 m
303 206	C6, 1.10 m
303 211	F, 1.10 m
303 212	L, 1.10 m
303 213	N, 1.10 m
303 214	R, 1.10 m
303 220	C1, 1.30 m
303 221	C2, 1.30 m
303 222	C3, 1.30 m
303 223	C4, 1.30 m
303 224	C5, 1.30 m
303 225	C6, 1.30 m
303 207	N, 1.30 m
303 208	L, 1.30 m
303 209	N, 1.30 m
303 210	R, 1.30 m
300 400	ECG electrode contact spray
300 109	ECG-Labels for ECG Single-Lead C1 - C6, F, N, L, R
300 301	Spreader for ECG Single-Leads
303 215	Suction Lead, Neutral ,1.10m
303 216	Suction Lead, Neutral, 1.30m

## 7.7 Replacement of ECG Leads

The ECG leads may be replaced as a whole (10 leads in total) or as single lead. When replacing the whole set of 10 ECG leads into the connector of the head the sequence of connecting the ECG leads (C1, C2, ..., N, F, L, R) does not matter.

# 8 Troubleshooting

## 8.1 Possible Errors

Error	Possible Causes & Indications	Error Localization & Troubleshooting
Pump is not working (no audible noise)	<ul> <li>Loose connecting plug at pump</li> <li>No Power</li> </ul>	Firmly push in connecting plug
Pump is working, but there is no suction	<ul> <li>Loose hose connection at pump or leaking hose</li> <li>Hoses are kinked or pinched</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check hose connection for tight fit</li> <li>Eliminate cause</li> </ul>
Weak suction	<ul> <li>Leaking hose connection at pump</li> <li>Loose suction line in control box</li> <li>Leaking suction line</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check hose connection for tight fit</li> <li>Eliminate cause</li> </ul>
Pump is working, but there is no or little suction, elec- trodes are falling off during operation	<ul> <li>Suction cups not seated properly on electrode element</li> <li>Suction cup hose attachment twisted or rolled up</li> <li>Dirty electrode elements or suction cups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Firmly seat suction cup over electrode element</li> <li>Electrode elements and suction cups</li> </ul>
Battery is totally depleted	Prolonged time of non-use	<ul> <li>Device minimum: 2 hours connected to power grid</li> </ul>
Battery is defective and/or doesn't work	Battery life has been exceeded	Contact customer service
Electronic errors	Device system blocked in the battery saving mode function	<ul> <li>Steps according to chapter 8.2 (following page)</li> </ul>

Should these tips be of no help in fixing the problem, please call your **mbnet Engineering GmbH** dealer or directly contact **mbnet Engineering GmbH**.

Please have your model name and serial number ready. They are listed on the type label on the cable arm.

### 8.2 Reset function for electronic errors

In the worst case, the system of the device can be blocked in the battery saving mode function. This is manifested in the fact that after the battery saver mode has been triggered, the device cannot be reset to the active state even after charging with the AC adapter.

This state can be reset by the following steps:

- 1. Connect the device to the original power adapter and make sure the device has been charged for at least 30 minutes.
- Check the condition of the device. Press the On/Off key. Battery protection mode triggered
   -> left LED flashes. Device cannot be started despite mains connection.



3. Press the On / Off key 3 times in quick succession.



4. Check the functions of the suction device.

If the device still cannot be started after the reset, there is probably a malfunction in the suction system that requires repair. In this case, take the device out of operation and send it to the mbnet repair service for inspection.

#### 8.3 Preventing Electromagnetic Interference

The user can help avoid electromagnetic disturbances by keeping the recommended minimum distance between portable and mobile HF telecommunication devices (transmitters) and the unit. The distance depends on the output performance of the communication device as indicated in the table below.

\* 🛞 "Non ionising electromagnetic radiation"

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HF source Wireless communications devices	Transmitter frequency (MHz)	Testing frequency [MHz]	Max. power P (W)	Distance d (m)
Various radio services (TETRA 400)	380-390	385	1.8	0.3
Walkie-talkie (FRS) Rescue service, police, fire brigade, servicing (GMRS)	430-470	450	2	0.3
L TE band 13/17	704–707	710/745/780	0.2	0.3
GSM800/900 LTE band 5 Radio telephone (micro cellular) T1+, CT2,CT3	800-960	810/870/930	2	0.3
GSM1800/1900 DECT (radio telephone) LTE band 1/3/4/25 UMTS	1700 – 1990	1720/1845/1970	2	0.3
Bluetooth, WLAN 802.11b/g/n LTE band 7 RFID 2450 (active and passive transponders and reading devices)	2400 – 2570	2450	2	0.3
WLAN 802.11a/n	5100 - 5800	5240/5500/5785	2	0.3



 Portable HF telecommunication devices must not be used within a radius of 0.3 m from the device and its cables.

Do not place the device on top of other electric/electronic devices - i.e. maintain a sufficient distance to other devices (this includes the patient cables).

For permanent HF telecommunication devices (e.g. radio and TV), the recommended distance can be calculated using the following formula:

d = 1.2 x $\sqrt{P}$  for 150 kHz up to 800 MHz and d = 2.3 $\sqrt{k}$  P for 800 MHz up to 2.5 GHz

d = recommended minimum distance in metres

P = transmitting power in Watts

The user can take the following measures to prevent electromagnetic interference:

- Increase the distance to sources of interference
- Turn the device and thereby change the angle of the radiation
- Connect a potential equalisation cable
- Connect the device with another network connection
- Use only original accessories



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Near strong electromagnetic fields (MRT, radio, etc.) it is possible that the device will turn off by itself or change the suction strength.

Then simply switch the device on again and / or regulate the suction strength again according to your needs.

ergo vac compact User Guide

# 9 Technical Data

## 9.1. Power Supply

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Power supply Input Output Input Protecion Protection Protection Class GlobTek GMT 96180-1507-2.0-T3 100 – 240 VAC, 50-60Hz, 0.6A 5V, 3.6A, 15.0W Internal fuse in line This device is not designed for outdoor use (IPX0) Class I

## 9.2 Patient Module

<b>Battery</b> Battery chemistry Battery capacity Battery voltage Battery life Charge time to 100%	LiFePo4 1500 mA 3.2 V (nominal) 2200 charge cycles 2 h
<b>Ambient conditions</b> Operating temperature Relative humidity Air Pressure during use	10 to 50 °C, storage 10 to 40 °C 30 to 75 % (non-condensing) 700 to 1060 hPa

## 9.3 System Cable

System cable length	2.1 m (max)
ECG connection	15-channel in accordance with IEC Standard Norm
Control cable	1.5 m
Hose	1.5 m
USB power cable length	2.1 m

## 9.4 Electrodes

Material	sintered Ag/AgCl, silicone suction cup

#### 9.5 Cable Arm

Length	730 to 1060 mm
Height	620 mm
Pivot range	300°

## 9.6 Safety Standards

Safety standard	IEC/EN 60601-1
EMC	IEC/EN 60601-1-2
Compliance/Classification	CE/I in accordance with Regulation 2017/745/EU
Protection	This device is not intended for outdoor use (IPXO)

## 10 EMC information

The unit meets the Collateral Standards of Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements and tests IEC/EN 60601-1-2 the limits and methods of measurement of electromagnetic disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical radio frequency equipment.

Medical electrical equipment is subject in regard to the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and its special precautionary measure. The unit must in reference to the mentioned EMC-hints in the accompanying documents be installed and operated.

This medical device is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified in the following tables. The user of this device should ensure that it is used in such an environment.

#### Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions

The ergo vac compact is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the ergo vac compact should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance		
RF emissions	Group 1	The ergo vac compact uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby		
CISPR 11		electronic equipment.		
RF emissions				
CISPR 11	Class B	The ergo vac compact is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for		
Harmonic emissions	Complies			
IEC 61000-3-2	inherently			
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions	Complies	domestic purposes.		
IEC 61000-3-3	inherently			



## 10.1 Table 1: Immunity (all devices)

#### Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The ergo vac compact is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the ergo vac compact should assure that it is used in such an environment.

test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance	
± 8 kV contact	± 8 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete or cerami tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be a	
±15 kV air	±15 kV air	least 30%	
± 2 kV for power sup- ply lines	± 2 kV for power sup-	Mains power quality should be that of a	
± 1 kV for input/output lines	piy lines	typical commercial or hospital environment.	
±1 kV line to line	±1 kV line to line	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
± 2 kV line to earth	± 2 kV line to earth		
<5% U <sub>T</sub> (0,5 cycle)	<5% U <sub>T</sub> (0,5 cycle)		
40% U <sub>T</sub> (5 cycles)	40% U <sub>T</sub> (5 cycles)	Mains power quality should be that of a	
70% U <sub>T</sub> (25 cycles)	70% U <sub>T</sub> (25 cycles)	typical commercial or hospital environment.	
<5% U <sub>T</sub> for 5 s	<5% U <sub>T</sub> for 5 s		
Note: $U_{\tau}$ is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			
3 A/m	200 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
	$\pm 8 \text{ kV contact}$ $\pm 15 \text{ kV air}$ $\pm 2 \text{ kV for power sup-ply lines}$ $\pm 1 \text{ kV for input/output lines}$ $\pm 1 \text{ kV line to line}$ $\pm 2 \text{ kV line to earth}$ $40\% U_{T} (0,5 \text{ cycles})$ $70\% U_{T} (25 \text{ cycles})$ $c5\% U_{T} \text{ for 5 s}$ $pplication of the test level$	± 8 kV contact       ± 8 kV contact         ± 15 kV air       ± 15 kV air         ± 15 kV air       ± 15 kV air         b 2 kV for power sup- ply lines       ± 2 kV for power sup- ply lines         ± 1 kV for input/output lines       ± 2 kV for power sup- ply lines         ± 1 kV line to line       ± 1 kV line to line         ± 2 kV line to earth       ± 2 kV line to earth         5 % U <sub>T</sub> (0,5 cycle)       < 5% U <sub>T</sub> (0,5 cycle)         40% U <sub>T</sub> (5 cycles)       40% U <sub>T</sub> (5 cycles)         70% U <sub>T</sub> (25 cycles)       70% U <sub>T</sub> (25 cycles)         c5% U <sub>T</sub> for 5 s       < 5% U <sub>T</sub> for 5 s	

## 10.2 Table 2: Immunity: electromagnetic immunity (non life-supporting devices)

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity			
The ergo vac compact is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the ergo vac compact should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Electromagnetic environment - guidance			
Portable and mobile RF communications e recommended separation distance calcula			e ergo vac compact, including cables, than the the transmitter.
Immunity test standard	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Recommended separation distance <sup>c</sup>
Conducted RF	3 Vrms	V1 = 10 Vrms	d = 0.35 🗸 P 150 kHz to 80 MHz
IEC 61000-4-6	150 kHz to 80 MHz	150 kHz to 80 MHz	U = 0.55 Y P 150 KHZ 10 80 MHZ
Radiated RF	3 V/m	E1 = 10 V/m	d = 0.35 🗸 P 80 MHz to 800 MHz
IEC 61000-4-3	80 MHz to 800 MHz	80 MHz to 800 MHz	
Radiated RF	3 V/m	E2 = 10 V/m	d = 0.7 🔨 P 0.8 to 2.7 GHz
IEC 61000-4-3	0.8 to 2.5 GHz	800 MHz to 2.7 GHz	$0 = 0.7 \sqrt{100.0002.70112}$
Where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m).			
Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters should be less than the compliance level i		tromagnetic site survey, ª	
Interference may occur in the vicinity of e	quipment marked with the	$((\bullet))$ following symbol:	
Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the h			
Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			
a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the ergo vac compact is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the ergo vac compact should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the ergo vac compact.			
b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 10 V/m.			
c Possible shorter distances outside ISM bands are not considered to have a better applicability of this table.			

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## 10.3 Table 3: electromagnetic immunity

# Recommended separation distances (not life-supporting devices)

## Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the ergo vac compact

The ergo vac compact is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the ergo vac compact can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the ergo vac compact as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communication equipment.

Rated maximum output power of transmitter	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter		
W	m		
	150 kHz to 80 MHz	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2500 MHz
	d = 0.35 🗸 P	d = 0.35 🗸 P	d = 0.35 √ P
0.01	0.04 m	0.04 m	0.07 m
0.1	0.12 m	0.12 m	0.22 m
1	0.35 m	0.35 m	0.7 m
10	1.2 m	1.2 m	2.2 m
100	3.5 m	3.5 m	7 m

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Note 3: An additional factor of 10/3 is used in calculating the recommended separation distance to decrease the likelihood that mobile/portable communications equipment could cause interference if it is inadvertently brought into patient areas.

